Community (and Economic) Development

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Economic Development
Golden Triangle:
Recruitment,
Retention/Expansion,
and
New Business Start-Ups

Recruitment

- Movement of new companies into the community from outside the area
- Typically the most well-known and heralded activity in economic development
 - Often generates more local excitement than addition of more jobs by a local firm or a new start-up
- Site selection is a multi-phased elimination then selection approach; any aspect of a community could be critical

Business Retention and Expansion

- BR&E and new business start-ups account for 70% or more of job creation in communities
- Cost effective Less expensive to assist a local firm to expand than to recruit new ones

Small Businesses And Start-ups

- Playing a more important and active role in the local and national economies, especially technology-based development
- Small businesses create the majority of new jobs

What Facilitates Economic Development?

- Having a "development ready" community
 - Creating a skilled workforce
 - Developing physical infrastructure
 - Improving the business environment
 - Developing suitable sites and buildings
 - Improving local education
 - Creating a livable community with desired amenities
 - Overall, making the community a great place to live, work and play
 - ➤ But Isn't This Community Development?
- Having a good economic development program to sell the "product"

Community Development

What is Community Development?

An Outcome and a Process

- Outcome:
 - Taking collective action
 - The result of that action for improvement in a community in any and all realms: physical, environmental, cultural, social, political, economic, etc.
- Process: Developing the ability to act collectively

Phillips and Pittman, 2015, Introduction to Community Development, Routledge

What Facilitates Community Development?

Social Capital (or Capacity):

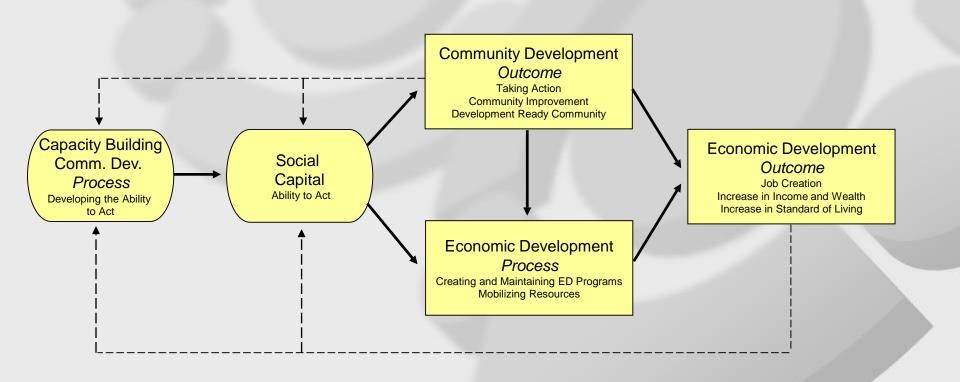
- The abilities of residents to organize and mobilize their resources for the accomplishment of consensual defined goals.
- Simply put, the extent to which members of a community can work together effectively, including the ability to:
 - Develop and sustain strong relationships
 - Solve problems and make group decisions
 - Collaborate effectively to identify goals, plan collectively and get work done

How Do You Build Social Capital?

Capacity Building

- Any set of activities pursued by a community to develop the ability to act:
 - Building social networks within the community
 - Developing group and individual problem solving skills
- Example: Leadership development

Community and Economic Development Chain



Phillips and Pittman, 2015, *Introduction to Community Development*, Routledge

Case Studies:

Tupelo, Mississippi

Osceola, Arkansas

Tupelo, Mississippi Ten Reasons for Success

- One economic development agency for Tupelo/Lee County(Community Development Foundation); no competing ED organizations
- 2. Working together and presenting a united front under Community Development Foundation
- 3. Strong leadership program
 - 3 leadership programs for young adults
 - Welcome all newcomers, including executives from "Up North"
- 4. Belief that community development precedes economic development: must be "development ready"
- 5. Recognize importance of regionalism in economic development: CREATE Foundation for NE Mississippi

Tupelo, Mississippi Ten Reasons for Success

- 6. Positive media coverage on economic development
 - Newspaper publisher/owner George McClane ED leader; set up CREATE Foundation
- 7. Positive labor climate and race relations
- 8. Strategic planning with regular updates
- 9. Strong public/private partnerships
 - Economic development
 - Education: private funding to supplement public education
- 10. Patience a realization that community and economic development takes time and they must "stay the course"

---Lewis Whitfield, Community Leader